

JOHN D. JR. VISITS COLORADO; MINERS TALK PROSECUTION

Want Action Against Him for Strike Shootings at Places He Now Inspects.

TRINIDAD, Colo., Sept. 20.—With the arrival of John D. Rockefeller Jr. here to-day to inspect his Colorado interests plans were being laid by attorneys for the United Mine Workers to have him arrested on a charge of being responsible for the massacre of women and children at Ludlow during the coal strike.

A. M. Baileigh, general counsel for the miners' union, was due to arrive in Denver to-morrow. William Diamond, an international officer of the union, was authority for the statement that prosecution of the son of the world's richest man on charges growing out of the recent Colorado strike would be undertaken immediately.

Rockefeller arrived here in an ordinary sleeping car and was unescorted except by the party of Colorado Fuel and Iron Company officials, who met him. The Rockefellers' interests fear nothing from the threats of prosecution, it was stated.

In the party that met John D. Jr. were J. F. Welborn, President of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company; E. H. Weitzel, manager of the fuel department, and W. L. Mackenzie King, industrial investigator for the Rockefeller Foundation.

It was the first time in eleven years that any Rockefeller has come to Colorado to inspect their vast interests in the State.

Young Rockefeller began his inspection of Colorado properties of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company by a visit to the Berwind Mine. The Rockefeller party made the fifteen mile trip to Berwind from Trinidad in two automobiles. On the way a long detour was made to pass by the site of the Ludlow tent colony.

Mr. Rockefeller and his party probably will spend two or three weeks in the State.

The Colorado visit of Mr. Rockefeller, as active representative of the principal owning interest of the Colorado Fuel & Iron Company, has been planned since early in the year. It had its inception at the New York hearings before the Federal Commission on Industrial Relations.

On Jan. 27 Mr. Rockefeller was a witness before the commission. After leaving the stand he stopped to speak to "Mother" Mrs. Jones, the labor enthusiast; and she invited him to visit Colorado and see for himself the conditions. Other labor leaders present at the industrial relations hearing urged Rockefeller to visit the scenes of the recently ended Colorado coal miners' strike.

WELSH'S MANSION SEIZED.

We Had Refused to Pay Wife \$600 a Month Alimony.

—Receivers appointed by Supreme Court Justice Cobahan to-day took possession of the \$100,000 mansion of Henry Bradshaw Welsh at No. 211 Echo Avenue, New Rochelle, and property in many parts of Manhattan to insure the payment of \$600 a month alimony to Mrs. Margaret Welsh, who is suing him for separation.

In opposing his wife's plea for a regular alimony, Welsh told the court that his wife spurned his offer of his mother's estate. Mrs. Welsh told Justice Cobahan that her husband's affection for Mrs. Alphonse A. Palmer, his former maid, caused their estrangement. A sum of \$600,000 for alienation of affections brought by Mrs. Welsh was dismissed.

PLAN TO KEEP MONEY FOR MUNITIONS APART FROM PROPOSED LOAN

Foreign Commissioners Confer To-Day With War Supply Manufacturers.

To overcome objections by many Western bankers against loaning money to the allies for purchase of war munitions, the Anglo-French commission conferred with manufacturers of war supplies at the Hotel Baltimore to-day and made a proposition for separate financial arrangements.

The proposition is understood to be that the allies will pay 2 per cent. in cash with the order, and that the manufacturers will take thirty of sixty-day British and French Treasury notes for the balance.

These negotiations were reported to be quite distinct from the half-billion-dollar commercial loan now under consideration, but would have the important effect of eliminating the objection which threatens the success of the loan when it is offered to the public.

In addition, the acceptance of short-term notes would give more time for payment of the large war contracts that are now falling due and tend to tighten the loan market, not to mention the foreign exchange market.

The commission considers the negotiations as a purely private affair between buyer and seller and not connected with the banking loan transaction. The proposition is now being considered by the manufacturers, "several of them have voiced opposition to it."

Evening sterling to-day in Wall Street was quoted at \$4.79 for the pound, as compared with \$4.85 a parity.

BARON VON BISSING INTERRED BY BRITAIN

Spirited Away From His Home in Kensington After Long Fight for Liberty.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Baron von Bissing, half brother of Gen. von Bissing, German Military Governor of Belgium, and a naturalized British subject, after fighting for months for his liberty, has been interned.

He was spirited away to-day from his luxurious home in Kensington by detectives and reported that the London Workhouse will be the Baron's domicile during the remainder of the war.

SILENT ON ORR'S MISSION.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—The purpose of William A. Orr, Secretary to Gov. Whitman, in visiting Sing Sing prison yesterday, during the absence of Warden Clegg and interviewing prisoners was not explained at the Executive chamber to-day. Both the Governor and Orr declined to discuss any phase of the incident.

Or, it is declared, however, was sent to Sing Sing by the Governor for a definite purpose. Further, it is said, he had intended to inspect the prison with the recent remanding of more than thirty members of the Mutual Welfare League to their cells for committing felonious acts, but concerned a new phase of the prison situation.

Murder Witness Summoned for Grand Jury Inquiry.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Sept. 20.—Summons were served to-day on persons known to be connected with the murder of Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, which is to be begun by the Grand Jury on Wednesday. The Attorney General will be for the Commonwealth against Mrs. Elizabeth Tiffany Blair Mohr, the widow, who was released on \$10,000 bail after her arrest on a charge of inciting the murder of her husband, Dr. Mohr.

George Heals and Henry Spellman, negroes, accused of the commission of the crime.

What's the Idea?

Specialization

WE DO ONE THING AND DO IT WELL

We're building great clothes to measure at \$20—our one price and only price. Values that can't be touched anywhere for less than \$30 to \$45.

Proof is truth. Come and compare—ask for samples—make your special selection from 5,000 new effects.

BE YOUR OWN SALESMAN

YOUR CHOICE

\$20

To Your Measure NO OTHER PRICE

All garments designed by "Style-Masters" and tailored by trained specialists—as best evidence, drop in and judge with your own eyes.

SAMPLES! SURE—LOTS OF THEM FREE

SUIT \$20 O'COAT
YOU CAN PAY MORE! ONE PRICE ONLY YOU CAN PAY LESS
SANFORD & CO., Tailors

40-51 Park Row, New York City, Opposite City Hall Park

WALL STREET.

Volume of activity at opening was considerably greater than on any recent day and prices showed good-sized advances. Railroad issues were more prominent than for some time past. N. Y. Air Brake was strongest feature, opening up 3½ points, to 161 1/2. Industrials were the most active. Stocks of motor car companies were leaders in the advance and Standard was most prominent, advancing during the morning 10 1/2 points, to 120 1/4. General rose up to 21 3/4, a rise of 3 1/2 points. Great Northern Ore and Colorado Fuel were subjected to selling and lost several points. Crucible Steel in early afternoon advanced from 30 1/2 to 35 1/2. N. Y. Air Brake and up to 120 1/2 points above yesterday's close. Trading activity fell to 14,000, 14 P.M. with price index steady. U. S. Steel was active, between 15 1/2 and 16 1/2.

The proposition is understood to be that the allies will pay 2 per cent. in cash with the order, and that the manufacturers will take thirty of sixty-day British and French Treasury notes for the balance.

These negotiations were reported to be quite distinct from the half-billion-dollar commercial loan now under consideration, but would have the important effect of eliminating the objection which threatens the success of the loan when it is offered to the public.

In addition, the acceptance of short-term notes would give more time for payment of the large war contracts that are now falling due and tend to tighten the loan market, not to mention the foreign exchange market.

The commission considers the negotiations as a purely private affair between buyer and seller and not connected with the banking loan transaction. The proposition is now being considered by the manufacturers, "several of them have voiced opposition to it."

Evening sterling to-day in Wall Street was quoted at \$4.79 for the pound, as compared with \$4.85 a parity.

TO CUT \$17,000,000 FROM PAYROLLS BY STANDARDIZATION

Realty Leaders Offer Plan for Protecting City Finances Through Bad Period.

Reality leaders have perfected a plan to save \$17,000,000 a year for taxpayers on a standardization of salaries and grades among city employees.

With proper economy in other directions, this is said to be enough to tide the city over its period of financial stringency and protect real estate from the threatened contemplated drain. Of the total savings \$12,000,000 depends upon ratification of the Home Rule amendment to the State Constitution next November. \$2,000,000 has been provided in tentative specifications of the Budget Sub-Committee in relation to the professional and clerical forces of the city, and \$2,000,000 more in the same committee's recommendations for abolishing positions.

Chairmen Thomas M. Mulry and Cyrus C. Miller of the Advisory Council of Real Estate Interests announced details of the new municipal economy plan yesterday. They say no association of taxpayers can analyze the budget intelligently or wisely because of its complexity and, therefore, it would be expedient for the Bureau of Standards, Bureau of Contract Supervision and Commissioner of Accounts to be combined into a central Bureau of Organization and Control.

"Possibly under such a plan," says the Council, "the office of Chamberlain could be merged with that of Comptroller and the present City Chamberlain, whose reports and investigations have been very valuable in the interests of economy, could be designated to act as the head of such a central bureau. The duties of the bureau would be to reorganize the city administration along the lines of efficiency, abolish unnecessary committees and departments and continue an active investigation of the entire city budget for the benefit of taxpayers as is now being done by the Commissioner of Accounts, Bureau of Contract Supervision and Bureau of Standards as separate organizations."

"With the prospect of a tax rate for 1916 of 2.06, the current hearings before the budget committee of the Board of Estimate become the most important factors in the resulting situation. A vital principle now being worked out for approval of the Board is the standardization of salaries and grades among city employees. On the payroll are 103,000 persons, 35,000 being laborers, 21,000 under the Board of Education, 11,000 in the Police Department, 8,000 in the Fire Department. Details of specific salaries with regard to the classifications of salaries relate at this time to those in professional and clerical service, of

which there are 36,000. It may be possible that classification of salaries and grades may be accomplished in the future. First and last figures indicate to certain employees in the city service of the Municipal Service Commission, the Bureau of Contract Supervision and the Bureau of Organization and Control.

The executive committee of the Advisory Council announced that it is endeavoring to have the Bureau of Contract Supervision as a basis for rates of compensation in the city service. The committee will make an exhaustive report of its conclusions to real estate owners.

The bureau has considered the possibility of fixing wages for an unskilled laborer with a family of five to support should be between \$750 and \$800 in the greater city.

THE JOHN WANAMAKER PIANO SALONS

The World Needs More MUSIC

You need it. Each of us needs it. Our children need it.

We get quiet enough during the third of life that we sleep; enough noise and action—verbal, mental, physical—during the other third of life that we devote to the business of making money.

We need more singing, more joy, more harmony in our minds and hearts and with other minds and hearts, more LIV- ING.

We need more music—good music, music like that of

SCHOMACKER

the piano Lincoln loved;

EMERSON

the "sweet-toned" piano;

LINDEMAN

the piano of the millions;

KNAE

named) which enables us to play any music just as a master pianist would play it.

The Music YOU Need

awaits you here. Come and take it.

No need to go without it any longer, for our terms of payment are light, within convenient reach of all.

The Angelus

—that wonderful human-like

player: piano action (installed in each of the pianos

named) which enables us to play any music just as a master pianist would play it.

The Music YOU Need

awaits you here. Come and take it.

No need to go without it any longer, for our terms of payment are light, within convenient reach of all.

Piano Salons,

First Gallery, New Building.

John Wanamaker

Broadway at Ninth Street, New York

In John Wanamaker Store

Broadway at Ninth, New York.

6,147 Fancy Shirts for Men

\$2 to \$5 (and Higher) Grades

(See table below)

\$1.85 Each

3,335 are Earl & Wilson's colored fancy shirts—remainder of their summer stocks and forty dozen silk shirts made up freshly of their last spring's patterns which they had intended using in this winter's shirts, but which they included in the lot. The balance are from four of our regular shirt manufacturers—the best we know of.

Over 2,000 are Silk Shirts

Silk shirts, tub silk shirts, satin striped silk shirts, artificial silk shirts, woven silk and cotton shirts and woven madras shirts. All made in negligee style with soft cuffs attached—a few with stiff cuffs. All are fancy colored shirts.

In the following "table of contents" the groups, given for the purpose of comparison, are figured from the manufacturers' standard selling price, adding the retailers' usual profit. They, therefore, represent the standard retail price.

1,223 Shirts (all E & W) are.....	\$2.00 Grade
1,763 Shirts (463 E & W) are.....	2.50 Grade
967 Shirts (43 E & W) are.....	3.00 Grade
1,017 Shirts (429 E & W) are.....	3.50 Grade
334 Shirts (all E & W) are.....	4.50 Grade
273 Shirts (all E & W) are.....	5.00 Grade
196 Shirts (all E & W) are.....	6.00 Grade
265 Shirts (all E & W) are.....	7.50 Grade
119 Shirts (all E & W) are.....	10.00 Grade

Total 6,147

No shirts reserved; all will be on sale at the opening of the Store tomorrow morning at 8:30; everybody may have a fair chance at the higher grades.

Burlington Arcade floor, New Building.

ALL at

\$1.85

each

Sizes 14 to 17

At All 255 James Butler Inc. Stores



Milk
Butler's Condensed 8c; 3 cans 23c
Rich Evaporated Whole Milk with all the Cream Lakeview Brand 6c
—full cream. In Belle Brook Brand 7c
—full cream cut to

Very Best Creamery Butter, 27c

Its splendid quality and delicious flavor